

DCID 300-610

Course Name:	Designing Cisco Data Center Infrastructure (300-610 DCID)
Course Duration:	6 days (40 hours)
Requirements:	<p>Implement data center networking [Local Area Network (LAN) and Storage Area Network (SAN)]</p> <p>Describe data center storage</p> <p>Implement data center virtualization</p> <p>Implement Cisco Unified Computing System (Cisco UCS)</p> <p>Implement data center automation and orchestration with the focus on Cisco Application Centric Infrastructure (ACI) and Cisco UCS Director</p> <p>Describe products in the Cisco Data Center Nexus and Multilayer Director Switch (MDS) families</p> <p>Recommended:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understanding Cisco Data Center Foundations (DCFNDU) • Implementing and Administering Cisco Networking Technologies (CCNA) • Implementing Cisco Data Center Core Technologies (DCCOR)
Who should take this Course:	<p>Data center engineers</p> <p>Network designers</p> <p>Network administrators</p> <p>Network engineers</p> <p>Systems engineers</p> <p>Consulting systems engineers</p> <p>Technical solutions architects</p> <p>Server administrators</p> <p>Network managers</p> <p>Cisco integrators or partners</p>

Syllabus Course

Outline:

- Describing High Availability on Layer 2
 - Overview of Layer 2 High-Availability Mechanisms
 - Virtual Port Channels

- Cisco FabricPath
- Virtual Port Channel+
- Designing Layer 3 Connectivity
 - First Hop Redundancy Protocols
 - Improve Routing Protocol Performance and Security
 - Enhance Layer 3 Scalability and Robustness
- Designing Data Center Topologies
 - Data Center Traffic Flows
 - Cabling Challenges
 - Access Layer
 - Aggregation Layer
 - Core Layer
 - Spine-and-Leaf Topology
 - Redundancy Options
- Designing Data Center Interconnects with Cisco OTV
 - Cisco OTV Overview
 - Cisco OTV Control and Data Planes
 - Failure Isolation
 - Cisco OTV Features
 - Optimize Cisco OTV
 - Evaluate Cisco OTV
- Describing Locator/ID Separation Protocol
 - Locator/ID Separation Protocol
 - Location Identifier Separation Protocol (LISP) Virtual Machine (VM) Mobility
 - LISP Extended Subnet Mode (ESM) Multihop Mobility
 - LISP VPN Virtualization
- Describing VXLAN Overlay Networks
 - Describe VXLAN Benefits over VLAN
 - Layer 2 and Layer 3 VXLAN Overlay
 - Multiprotocol Border Gateway Protocol (MP-BGP) Ethernet VPN (EVPN) Control Plane Overview
 - VXLAN Data Plane
- Describing Hardware and Device Virtualization
 - Hardware-Based High Availability
 - Device Virtualization
 - Cisco UCS Hardware Virtualization
 - Server Virtualization
 - SAN Virtualization
 - N-Port ID Virtualization
- Describing Cisco FEX Options
 - Cisco Adapter FEX
 - Access Layer with Cisco FEX
 - Cisco FEX Topologies
 - Virtualization-Aware Networking

- Single Root I/O Virtualization
- Cisco FEX Evaluation
- Describing Basic Data Center Security
 - Threat Mitigation
 - Attack and Countermeasure Examples
 - Secure the Management Plane
 - Protect the Control Plane
 - RBAC and Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA)
- Describing Advanced Data Center Security
 - Cisco TrustSec in Cisco Secure Enclaves Architecture
 - Cisco TrustSec Operation
 - Firewalling
 - Positioning the Firewall Within Data Center Networks
 - Cisco Firepower® Portfolio
 - Firewall Virtualization
 - Design for Threat Mitigation
- Describing Management and Orchestration
 - Network and License Management
 - Cisco UCS Manager
 - Cisco UCS Director
 - Cisco Intersight
 - Cisco DCNM Overview
- Describing Storage and RAID Options
 - Position DAS in Storage Technologies
 - Network-Attached Storage
 - Fibre Channel, FCoE, and Internet Small Computer System Interface (iSCSI)
 - Evaluate Storage Technologies
- Describing Fibre Channel Concepts
 - Fibre Channel Connections, Layers, and Addresses
 - Fibre Channel Communication
 - Virtualization in Fibre Channel SAN
- Describing Fibre Channel Topologies
 - SAN Parameterization
 - SAN Design Options
 - Choosing a Fibre Channel Design Solution
- Describing FCoE
 - FCoE Protocol Characteristics
 - FCoE Communication
 - Data Center Bridging
 - FCoE Initialization Protocol
 - FCoE Design Options
- Describing Storage Security
 - Common SAN Security Features

- Zones
- SAN Security Enhancements
- Cryptography in SAN
- Describing SAN Management and Orchestration
 - Cisco DCNM for SAN
 - Cisco DCNM Analytics and Streaming Telemetry
 - Cisco UCS Director in the SAN
 - Cisco UCS Director Workflows
- Describing Cisco UCS Servers and Use Cases
 - Cisco UCS C-Series Servers
 - Fabric Interconnects and Blade Chassis
 - Cisco UCS B-Series Server Adapter Cards
 - Stateless Computing
 - Cisco UCS Mini
- Describing Fabric Interconnect Connectivity
 - Use of Fabric Interconnect Interfaces
 - VLANs and VSANs in a Cisco UCS Domain
 - Southbound Connections
 - Northbound Connections
 - Disjoint Layer 2 Networks
 - Fabric Interconnect High Availability and Redundancy
- Describing Hyperconverged and Integrated Systems
 - Hyperconverged and Integrated Systems Overview
 - Cisco HyperFlex™ Solution
 - Cisco HyperFlex Scalability and Robustness
 - Cisco HyperFlex Clusters
 - Cluster Capacity and Multiple Clusters on One Cisco UCS Domain
 - External Storage and Graphical Processing Units on Cisco HyperFlex
 - Cisco HyperFlex Positioning
- Describing Cisco UCS Manager Systemwide Parameters
 - Cisco UCS Setup and Management
 - Cisco UCS Traffic Management
- Describing Cisco UCS RBAC
 - Roles and Privileges
 - Organizations in Cisco UCS Manager
 - Locales and Effective Rights
 - Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting
 - Two-Factor Authentication
- Describing Pools for Service Profiles
 - Global and Local Pools
 - Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) Suffix and Media Access Control (MAC) Address Pools
 - World Wide Name (WWN) Pools

- Server and iSCSI Initiator IP Pools
- Describing Policies for Service Profiles
 - Global vs. Local Policies
 - Storage and Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) Policies
 - Boot and Scrub Policies
 - Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) and Maintenance Policies
- Describing Network-Specific Adapters and Policies
 - LAN Connectivity Controls
 - SAN Connectivity Controls
 - Virtual Access Layer
 - Connectivity Enhancements
- Describing Templates in Cisco UCS Manager
 - Cisco UCS Templates
 - Service Profile Templates
 - Network Templates
- Designing Data Center Automation
 - Model-Driven Programmability
 - Cisco NX-API Overview
 - Programmability Using Python
 - Cisco Ansible Module
 - Use the Puppet Agent

Practice activity outline

- Design Virtual Port Channels
- Design First Hop Redundancy Protocol (FHRP)
- Design Routing Protocols
- Design Data Center Topology for a Customer
- Design Data Center Interconnect Using Cisco OTV
- Design Your VXLAN Network
- Create a Cisco FEX Design
- Design Management and Orchestration in a Cisco UCS Solution
- Design a Fibre Channel Network
- Design and Integrate an FCoE Solution
- Design a Secure SAN
- Design Cisco UCS Director for Storage Networking
- Design a Cisco UCS Domain and Fabric Interconnect Cabling
- Design a Cisco UCS C-Series Server Implementation
- Design Cisco UCS Fabric Interconnect Network and Storage Connectivity
- Design Systemwide Parameters in a Cisco UCS Solution
- Design an LDAP Integration with a Cisco UCS Domain

- Design Pools for Service Profiles in a Cisco UCS Solution
- Design Network-Specific Adapters and Policies in a Cisco UCS Solution